

Rotational Speed Sensor TQG19E

The TQG19E consists of a Hall element, amplification circuit, waveform conversion circuit, housing, and cable connector. It outputs a square wave signal and measures rotational speed by detecting the change between the tooth peaks and valleys of a ferromagnetic gear. The product offers excellent performance and strong stability, and is widely used in various types of urban rail transit locomotives.

Parameters

Operating Parameters

- Measuring Range: 0~10kHz
- Output Channels: 2
- Output Waveform: Square wave
- Pulse Amplitude: $HL \geq V_{CC} - 2.5V$
 $LO \leq 1.0V$
- Duty Cycle: $50\% \pm 20\%$
- Phase difference: $90^\circ \pm 30^\circ$
- Supply Voltage: 10~30VDC
- Current Consumption: $\leq 60mA$
- Test Gear: Low-carbon ferromagnetic steel, module $M=2$, teeth $Z=60$
- Operating Gap: 0.1mm~1.5mm (typical 0.8mm)
- Operating Temperature: $-40^\circ C \sim +100^\circ C$
- Insulation Resistance: $\geq 100M\Omega @ 500VDC$
- Dielectric Strength: 500V/50Hz/1min

General Data

- Equipped with power polarity protection and output short-circuit protection
- Vibration and shock resistance compliant with GB/T 21563 national standard



PIN-A	Vcc
PIN-H	GND
PIN-B	Channel 1
PIN-G	Channel 2
PIN-E	Shield
PIN-C/D/F	Not Connected

- Wiring must be configured strictly according to the instructions to avoid short circuits or open circuits.
- Before installation, power on the sensor and use a ferromagnetic material to approach or leave the sensor head — if both signal channels show a change in output level, the sensor is functioning normally.
- Do not allow sensor ends to strike each other, as this will cause severe demagnetization of the permanent magnet and damage the sensor.